Data Sheet | June 2003 | FN2859.5

## 700ns, Low Distortion, Precision Sample and Hold Amplifier

The HA-5340 combines the advantages of two sample/ hold architectures to create a new generation of monolithic sample/hold. High amplitude, high frequency signals can be sampled with very low distortion being introduced. The combination of exceptionally fast acquisition time and specified/characterized hold mode distortion is an industry first. Additionally, the AC performance is only minimally affected by additional hold capacitance.

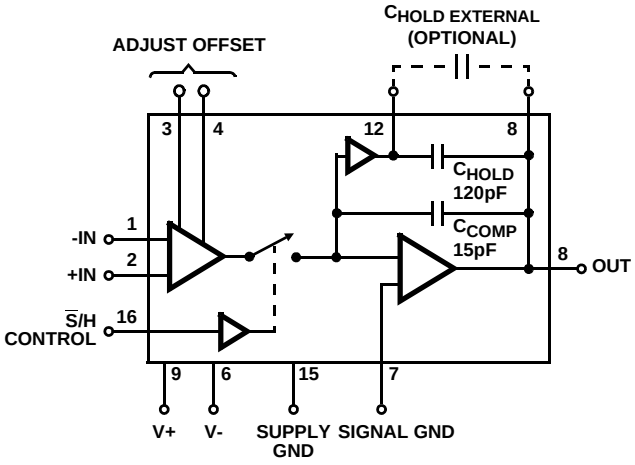
To achieve this level of performance, the benefits of an integrating output stage have been combined with the advantages of a buffered hold capacitor. To the user this translates to a front-end stage that has high bandwidth due to charging only a small capacitive load and an output stage with constant pedestal error which can be nulled out using the offset adjust pins. Since the performance penalty for additional hold capacitance is low, the designer can further minimize pedestal error and droop rate without sacrificing speed.

Low distortion, fast acquisition, and low droop rate are the result, making the HA-5340 the obvious choice for high speed, high accuracy sampling systems.

## Ordering Information

| PART NUMBER | TEMP. RANGE ($^{o}$C) | PACKAGE | PKG. DWG. # |
|---|---|---|---|
| HA9P5340-5 | 0 to 75 | 16 Ld SOIC | M16.3 |

## Functional Diagram




## Features

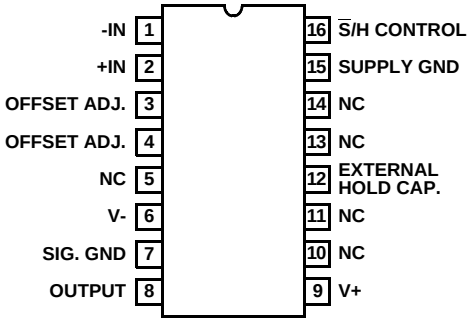
- Fast Acquisition Time (0.01%) . . . . . 700ns
- Fast Hold Mode Settling Time (0.01%) . . . . . 200ns
- Low Distortion (Hold Mode) . . . . . -72dBc ($V_{IN}$ = 200kHz, $f_S$ = 450kHz, $5V_{P-P}$)
- Bandwidth Minimally Affected By External $C_H$
- Fully Differential Analog Inputs
- Built-In 135pF Hold Capacitor

## Applications

- High Bandwidth Precision Data Acquisition Systems
- Inertial Navigation and Guidance Systems
- Ultrasonics
- SONAR
- RADAR

## Pinout

**HA-5340 (SOIC)**
TOP VIEW



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Voltage Between V+ and V- Terminals . . . . . 36V
Differential Input Voltage . . . . . 24V
Digital Input Voltage. . . . . +8V, -6V
Output Current, Continuous. . . . . ±20mA

Temperature Range
HA-5340-5 . . . . . $0^oC$ to $75^oC$
Supply Voltage Range (Typical) . . . . . ±12V to ±18V

## Thermal Information

| Thermal Resistance (Typical, Note 2) | $\theta_{JA}$ ($^oC/W$) | $\theta_{JC}$ ($^oC/W$) |
|---|---|---|
| SOIC Package . . . . . | 100 | N/A |

Maximum Junction Temperature (Plastic Package, Note 1) . . $150^oC$
Maximum Storage Temperature Range . . . . . $-65^oC$ to $150^oC$
Maximum Lead Temperature (Soldering 10s) . . . . . $300^oC$
(Lead Tips Only)

*CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.*

NOTES:

1. Maximum power dissipation must be designed to maintain the junction temperature below $150^oC$ for the plastic packages.
2. $\theta_{JA}$ is measured with the component mounted on an evaluation PC board in free air.

## Electrical Specifications

$V_{SUPPLY}$ = ±15.0V; $C_H$ = Internal = 135pF; Digital Input: $V_{IL}$ = +0.8V (Sample), $V_{IH}$ = +2.0V (Hold). Non-Inverting Unity Gain Configuration (Output tied to -Input), $R_L$ = 2kΩ, $C_L$ = 60pF, Unless Otherwise Specified

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | TEMP. ($^oC$) | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **INPUT CHARACTERISTICS** | | | | | | |
| Input Voltage Range | | Full | -10 | - | +10 | V |
| Input Resistance (Note 3) | | 25 | - | 1 | - | MΩ |
| Input Capacitance | | 25 | - | - | 3 | pF |
| Input Offset Voltage | | 25 | - | - | 1.5 | mV |
| | | Full | - | - | 3.0 | mV |
| Offset Voltage Temperature Coefficient | | Full | - | - | 30 | µV/$^oC$ |
| Bias Current | | 25 | - | ±70 | - | nA |
| | | Full | - | - | ±350 | nA |
| Offset Current | | 25 | - | ±50 | - | nA |
| | | Full | - | - | ±350 | nA |
| Common Mode Range | | Full | -10 | - | +10 | V |
| CMRR | ±10V, Note 4 | 25 | - | 83 | - | dB |
| | | Full | 72 | - | - | dB |
| **TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS** | | | | | | |
| Gain | DC | 25 | 110 | 140 | - | dB |
| Gain Bandwidth Product | $C_H$ External = 0pF | Full | - | 10 | - | MHz |
| | $C_H$ External = 100pF | Full | - | 9.6 | - | MHz |
| | $C_H$ External = 1000pF | Full | - | 6.7 | - | MHz |
| **TRANSIENT RESPONSE** | | | | | | |
| Rise Time | 200mV Step | 25 | - | 20 | 30 | ns |
| Overshoot | 200mV Step | 25 | - | 35 | 50 | % |
| Slew Rate | 10V Step | 25 | 40 | 60 | - | V/µs |
| **DIGITAL INPUT CHARACTERISTICS** | | | | | | |
| Input Voltage | $V_{IH}$ | Full | 2.0 | - | - | V |
| | $V_{IL}$ | Full | - | - | 0.8 | V |
| Input Current | $V_{IL}$ = 0V | Full | - | 7 | 40 | µA |
| | $V_{IH}$ = 5V | Full | - | 4 | 40 | µA |

**Electrical Specifications** $V_{SUPPLY}$ = ±15.0V; $C_H$ = Internal = 135pF; Digital Input: $V_{IL}$ = +0.8V (Sample), $V_{IH}$ = +2.0V (Hold). Non-Inverting Unity Gain Configuration (Output tied to -Input), $R_L$ = 2kΩ, $C_L$ = 60pF, Unless Otherwise Specified

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | TEMP. ($^oC$) | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS** | | | | | | |
| Output Voltage | | Full | -10 | - | +10 | V |
| Output Current | | Full | -10 | - | +10 | mA |
| Full Power Bandwidth (Note 5) | | Full | 0.6 | 0.9 | - | MHz |
| Output Resistance | Hold Mode | 25 | - | 0.05 | 0.1 | Ω |
| | | Full | - | 0.07 | 0.15 | Ω |
| Total Output Noise DC to 10MHz | Sample Mode | 25 | - | 325 | 400 | $\mu V_{RMS}$ |
| | Hold Mode | 25 | - | 325 | 400 | $\mu V_{RMS}$ |
| **DISTORTION CHARACTERISTICS** | | | | | | |
| SAMPLE MODE | | | | | | |
| Signal to Noise Ratio (RMS Signal to RMS Noise) | $V_{IN}$ = 200kHz, $20V_{P-P}$ | Full | - | 115 | - | dB |
| Total Harmonic Distortion | $V_{IN}$ = 200kHz, $5V_{P-P}$ | Full | -90 | -100 | - | dBc |
| | $V_{IN}$ = 200kHz, $10V_{P-P}$ | Full | -76 | -82 | - | dBc |
| | $V_{IN}$ = 200kHz, $20V_{P-P}$ | Full | -70 | -74 | - | dBc |
| | $V_{IN}$ = 500kHz, $5V_{P-P}$ | Full | -66 | -75 | - | dBc |
| Intermodulation Distortion | $V_{IN}$ = $10V_{P-P}$, $f_1$ = 20kHz, $f_2$ = 21kHz | Full | -78 | -83 | - | dBc |
| HOLD MODE (50% Duty Cycle S/H) | | | | | | |
| Signal to Noise Ratio (RMS Signal to RMS Noise) $f_S$ = 450kHz | $V_{IN}$ = 200kHz, $5V_{P-P}$ | 25 | - | 76 | - | dB |
| | $V_{IN}$ = 200kHz, $10V_{P-P}$ | 25 | - | 76 | - | dB |
| Total Harmonic Distortion $f_S$ = 450kHz | $V_{IN}$ = 200kHz, $5V_{P-P}$ | 25 | - | -72 | - | dBc |
| | $V_{IN}$ = 200kHz, $10V_{P-P}$ | 25 | - | -66 | - | dBc |
| | $V_{IN}$ = 200kHz, $20V_{P-P}$ | 25 | - | -56 | - | dBc |
| $f_S$ = 450kHz | $V_{IN}$ = 100kHz, $5V_{P-P}$ | 25 | - | -84 | - | dBc |
| | $V_{IN}$ = 100kHz, $10V_{P-P}$ | 25 | - | -71 | - | dBc |
| | $V_{IN}$ = 100kHz, $20V_{P-P}$ | 25 | - | -61 | - | dBc |
| $f_S = 2f_{IN}$(Nyquist) | $V_{IN}$ = 20kHz, $5V_{P-P}$ | 25 | - | -95 | - | dBc |
| | $V_{IN}$ = 50kHz, $5V_{P-P}$ | 25 | - | -91 | - | dBc |
| | $V_{IN}$ = 100kHz, $5V_{P-P}$ | 25 | - | -82 | - | dBc |
| Intermodulation Distortion $f_S$ = 450kHz | $V_{IN}$ = $10V_{P-P}$ ($f_1$ = 20kHz, $f_2$ = 21kHz) | 25 | - | -79 | - | dBc |
| **SAMPLE AND HOLD CHARACTERISTICS** | | | | | | |
| Acquisition Time | 10V Step to 0.01% | 25 | - | 700 | - | ns |
| | | Full | - | - | 900 | ns |
| | 10V Step to 0.1% | 25 | - | 430 | 600 | ns |
| Droop Rate | $C_H$ = Internal | 25 | - | 0.1 | - | μV/μs |
| | | Full | - | - | 95 | μV/μs |
| Hold Step Error | $V_{IL}$ = 0V, $V_{IH}$ = 4.0V, $t_R$ = 5ns | 25 | - | 15 | - | mV |

**Electrical Specifications** $V_{SUPPLY}$ = ±15.0V; $C_H$ = Internal = 135pF; Digital Input: $V_{IL}$ = +0.8V (Sample), $V_{IH}$ = +2.0V (Hold). Non-Inverting Unity Gain Configuration (Output tied to -Input), $R_L$ = 2kΩ, $C_L$ = 60pF, Unless Otherwise Specified

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | TEMP. ($^oC$) | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Hold Mode Settling Time | To ±1mV | Full | - | 200 | 300 | ns |
| Hold Mode Feedthrough | $20V_{P-P}$, 200kHz, Sine | Full | - | -76 | - | dB |
| EADT (Effective Aperture Delay Time) | | 25 | - | -15 | - | ns |
| Aperture Uncertainty | | 25 | - | 0.2 | - | ns |
| **POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS** | | | | | | |
| Positive Supply Current | | Full | - | 19 | 25 | mA |
| Negative Supply Current | | Full | - | 19 | 25 | mA |
| PSRR | 10% Delta | Full | 75 | 82 | - | dB |

NOTES:

3. Derived from Computer Simulation only, not tested.
4. +CMRR is measured from 0V to +10V, -CMRR is measured from 0V to -10V.
5. Based on the calculation FPBW = Slew Rate/$2\pi V_{PEAK}$ ($V_{PEAK}$ = 10V).

## Test Circuits and Waveforms

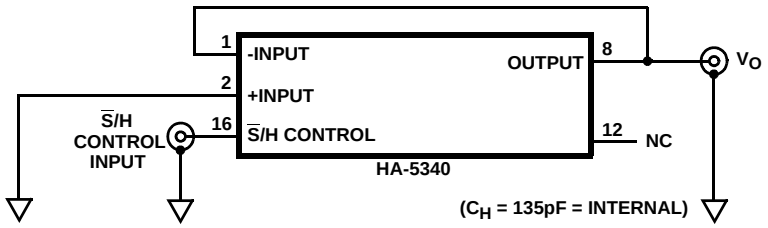
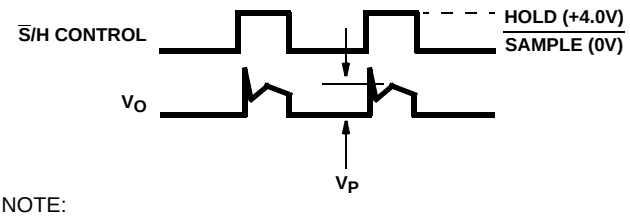


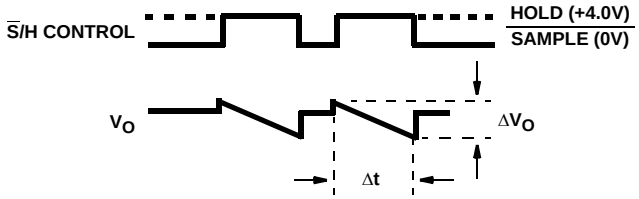

**FIGURE 1. HOLD STEP ERROR AND DROOP RATE**




NOTE:

6. Observe the "hold step" voltage $V_P$.

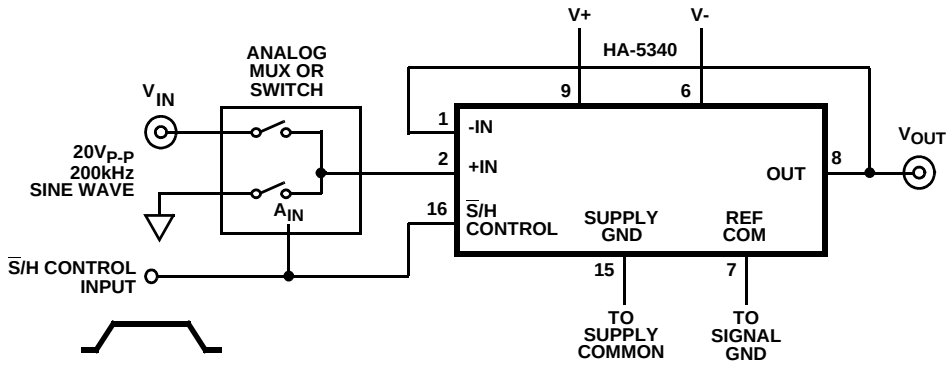
**FIGURE 2. HOLD STEP ERROR**




NOTES:

7. Observe the voltage "droop", $\Delta V_O/\Delta t$.
8. Measure the slope of the output during hold, $\Delta V_O/\Delta t$.
9. Droop can be positive or negative - usually to one rail or the other not to GND.

**FIGURE 3. DROOP RATE TEST**




NOTE:

10. Feedthrough in

$$dB = 20\log\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}$$ where:

$V_{OUT} = V_{P-P}$, Hold Mode,
$V_{IN} = V_{P-P}$

**FIGURE 4. HOLD MODE FEEDTHROUGH ATTENUATION**

## Application Information

The HA-5340 has the uncommitted differential inputs of an op amp, allowing the Sample and Hold function to be combined with many conventional op amp circuits. See the Intersil Application Note AN517 for a collection of circuit ideas.

### Layout

A printed circuit board with ground plane is recommended for best performance. Bypass capacitors (0.01μF to 0.1μF, ceramic) should be provided from each power supply terminal to the Supply Ground terminal on pin 15.

The ideal ground connections are pin 7 (SIG. GND) directly to the system Signal Ground, and pin 15 (Supply Ground) directly to the system Supply Common.

### Hold Capacitor

The HA-5340 includes a 135pF MOS hold capacitor, sufficient for most high speed applications (the Electrical Specifications section is based on this internal capacitor). Additional capacitance may be added between pins 8 and 12. This external hold capacitance will reduce droop rate at the expense of acquisition time, and provide other trade-offs as shown in the Performance Curves.

The hold capacitor $C_H$ should have high insulation resistance and low dielectric absorption, to minimize droop errors. Teflon®, polystyrene and polypropylene dielectric capacitor types offer good performance over the specified operating temperature range.

The hold capacitor terminal (pin 12) remains at virtual ground potential. Any PC connection to this terminal should be kept short and “guarded” by the ground plane, since nearby signal lines or power supply voltages will introduce errors due to drift current.

## Typical Application

Figure 5 shows the HA-5340 connected as a unity gain noninverting amplifier - its most widely used configuration. As an input device for a fast successive - approximation A/D converter, it offers very high throughput rate for a monolithic IC sample/hold amplifier. Also, the HA-5340’s hold step error is adjustable to zero using the Offset Adjust potentiometer, to deliver a 12-bit accurate output from the converter.

The HA-5340 output circuit does not include short circuit protection, and consequently its output impedance remains low at high frequencies. Thus, the step changes in load current which occur during an A/D conversion are absorbed at the S/H output with minimum voltage error. A momentary short circuit to ground is permissible, but the output is not designed to tolerate a short of indefinite duration.

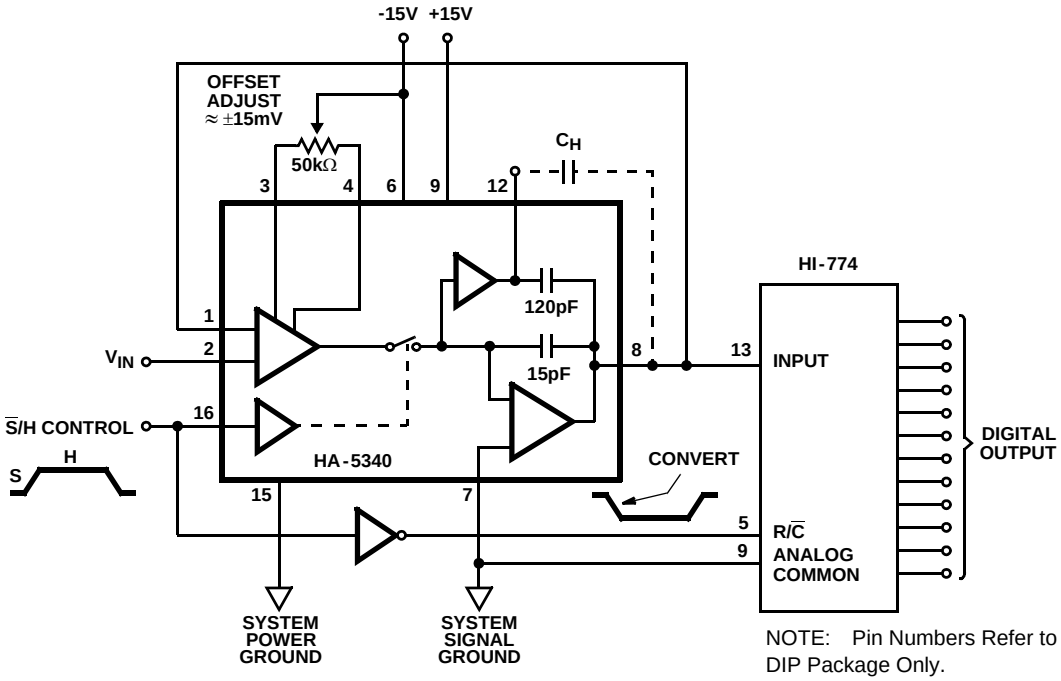



**FIGURE 5. TYPICAL HA-5340 CONNECTIONS; NONINVERTING UNITY GAIN MODE**

## Typical Performance Curves $T_A = 25^oC$, $V_S = \pm15V$, Unless Otherwise Specified

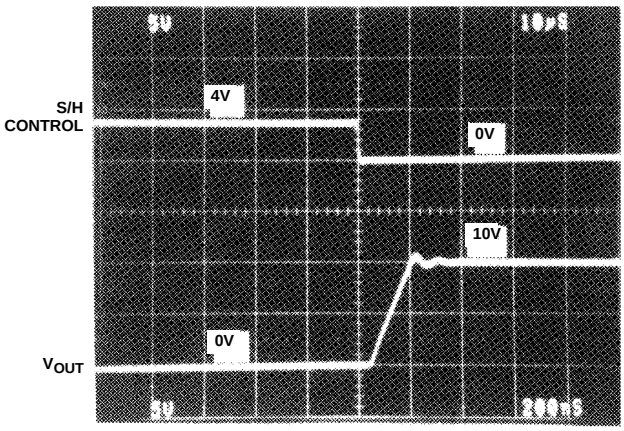



FIGURE 6. $T_{ACQ}$ POS 0 TO +10 STEP

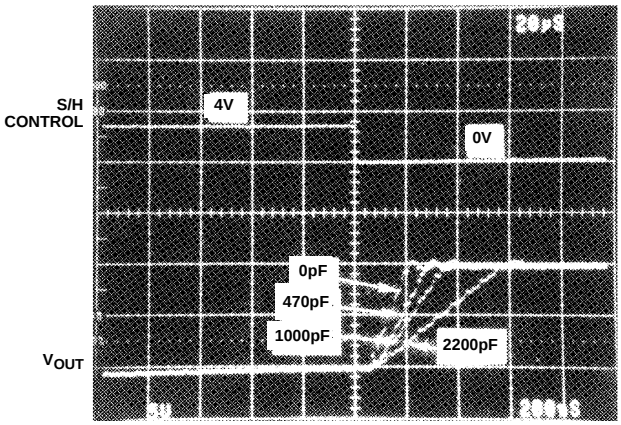



FIGURE 7. $T_{ACQ}$ vs ADDITIONAL $C_H$

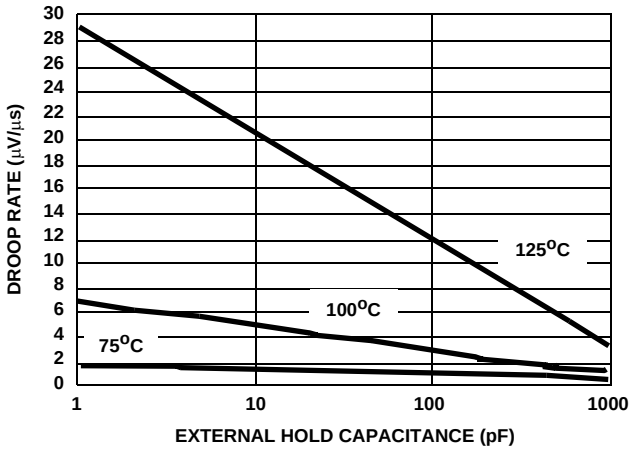



FIGURE 8. DROOP RATE vs HOLD CAPACITANCE

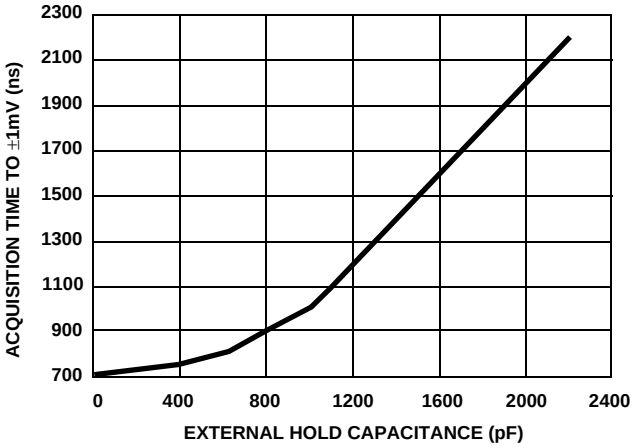



FIGURE 9. ACQUISITION TIME (0.01%) vs HOLD CAPACITANCE

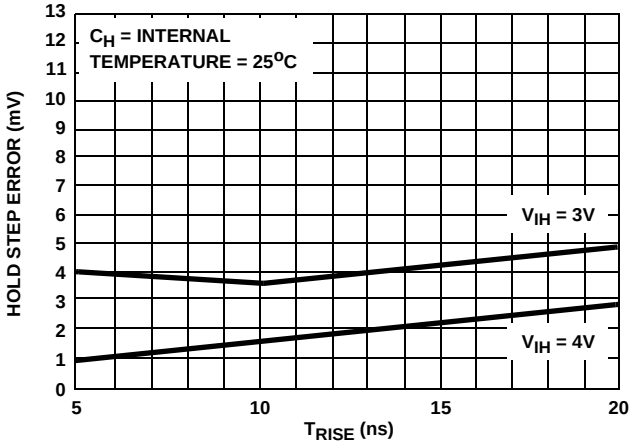



FIGURE 10. HOLD STEP ERROR vs $T_{RISE}$

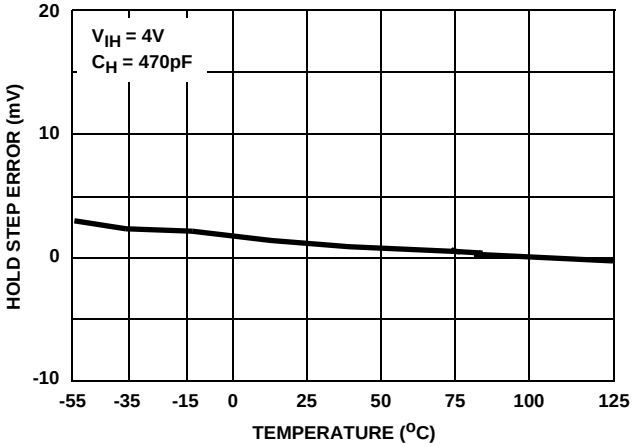



FIGURE 11. HOLD STEP ERROR vs TEMPERATURE

## Typical Performance Curves $T_A = 25^oC$, $V_S = \pm15V$, Unless Otherwise Specified **(Continued)**

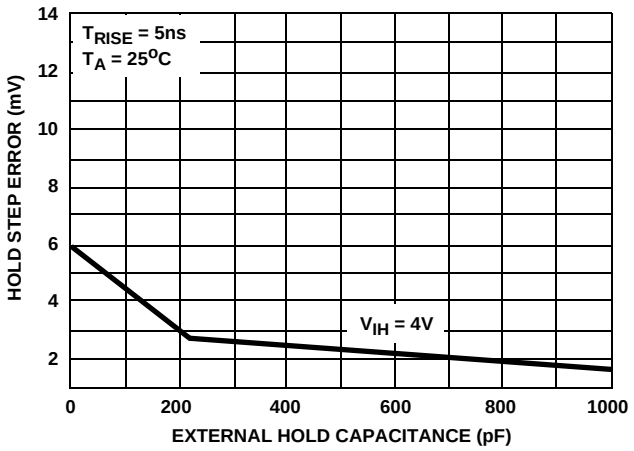



FIGURE 12. HOLD STEP ERROR vs HOLD CAPACITANCE

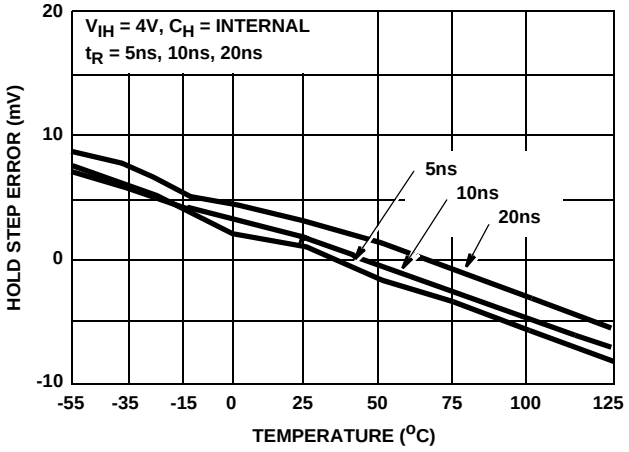
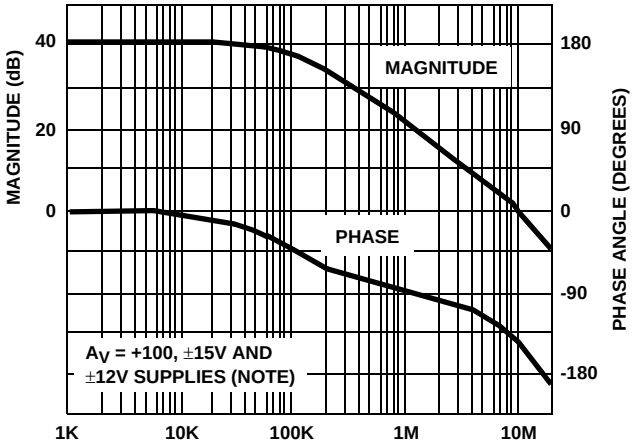



FIGURE 13. HOLD STEP ERROR vs TEMPERATURE




NOTE: ±15V and ±12V supplies trace the same line within the width of the line, therefore only one line is shown.

FIGURE 14. CLOSED LOOP PHASE/GAIN

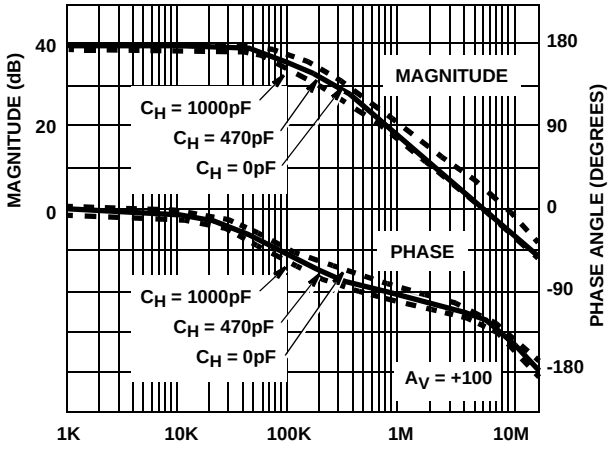



FIGURE 15. CLOSED LOOP PHASE/GAIN

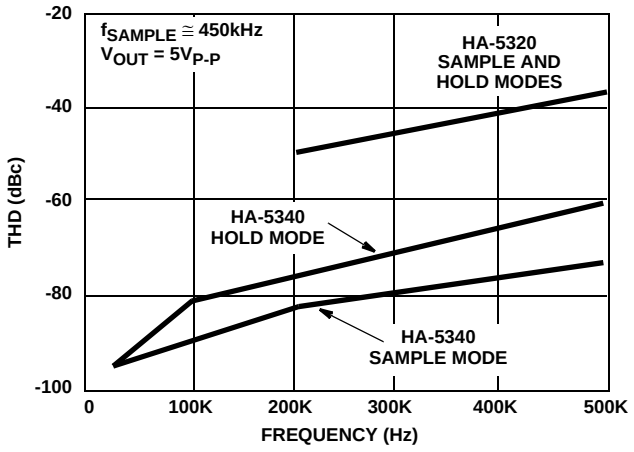



FIGURE 16. THD vs FREQUENCY

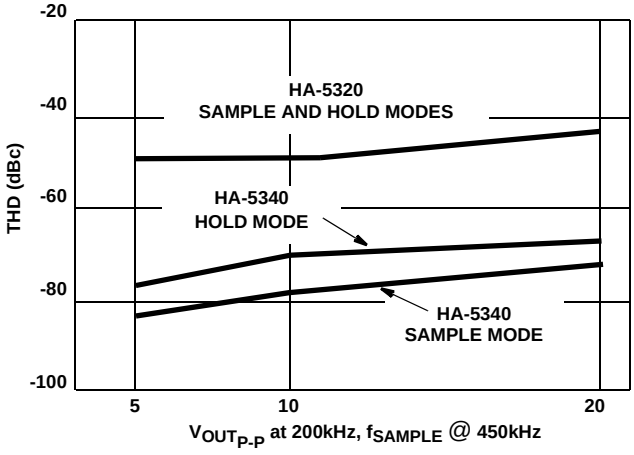



FIGURE 17. THD vs $V_{OUT}$

## Die Characteristics

**DIE DIMENSIONS:**

84mils x 139mils x 19mils

**METALLIZATION:**

Type: Al, 1% Cu
Thickness: 16kÅ ± 2kÅ

**PASSIVATION:**

Type: Nitride ($Si_3N_4$) over Silox ($SiO_2$, 5% Phos)
Silox Thickness: 12kÅ ± 2.0kÅ
Nitride Thickness: 3.5kÅ ± 1.5kÅ

**SUBSTRATE POTENTIAL (POWERED UP):**

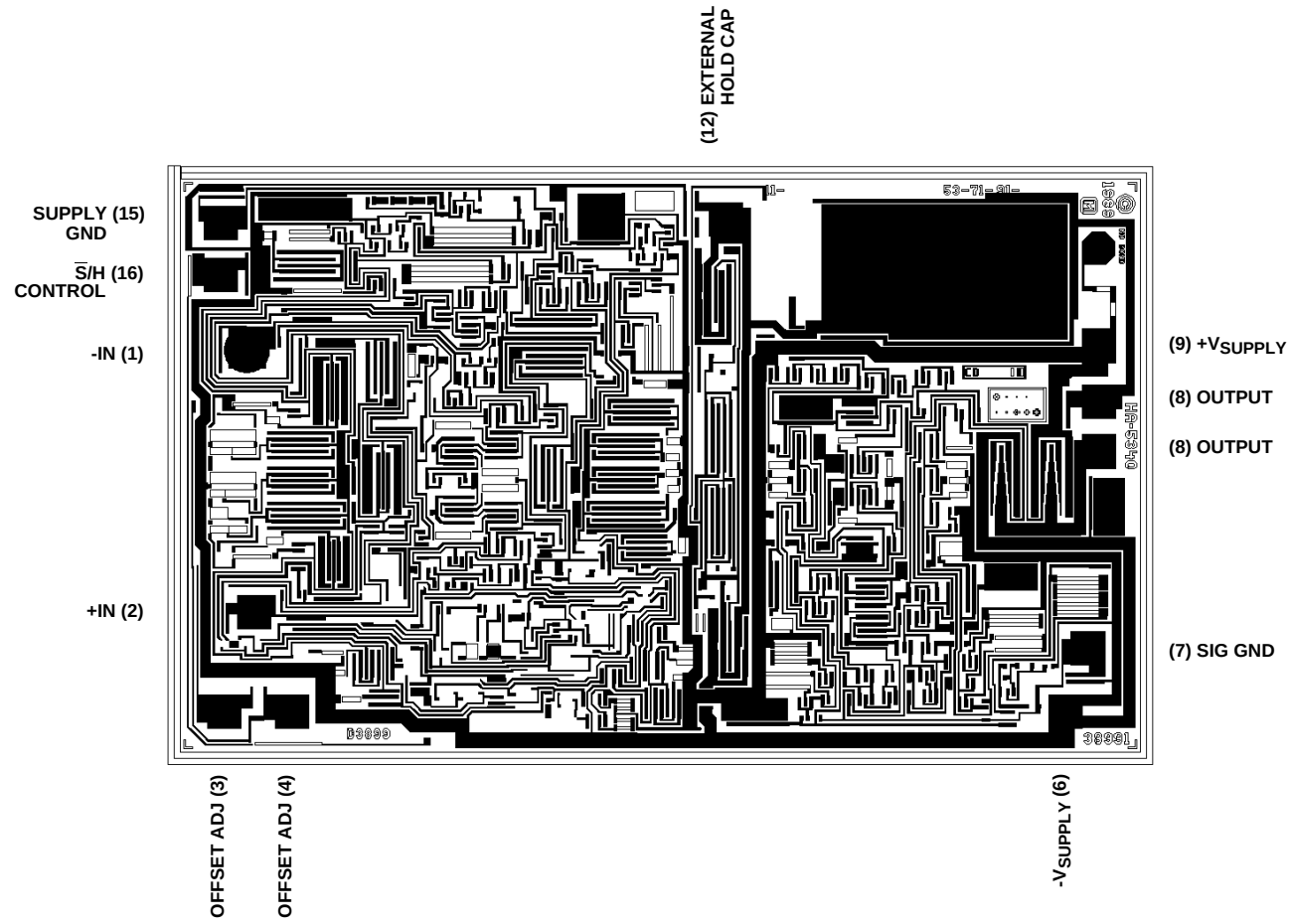
V-

**TRANSISTOR COUNT:**

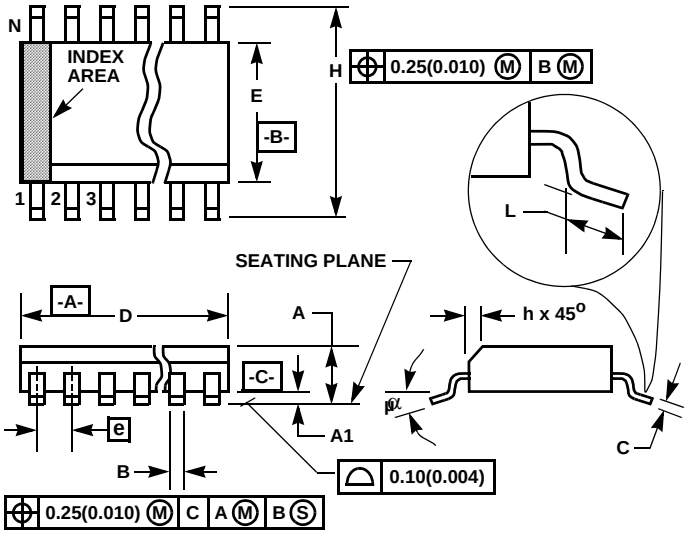
196

## Metallization Mask Layout

**HA-5340**



## Small Outline Plastic Packages (SOIC)




NOTES:

1. Symbols are defined in the “MO Series Symbol List” in Section 2.2 of Publication Number 95.
2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
3. Dimension “D” does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion and gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15mm (0.006 inch) per side.
4. Dimension “E” does not include interlead flash or protrusions. Interlead flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm (0.010 inch) per side.
5. The chamfer on the body is optional. If it is not present, a visual index feature must be located within the crosshatched area.
6. “L” is the length of terminal for soldering to a substrate.
7. “N” is the number of terminal positions.
8. Terminal numbers are shown for reference only.
9. The lead width “B”, as measured 0.36mm (0.014 inch) or greater above the seating plane, shall not exceed a maximum value of 0.61mm (0.024 inch)
10. Controlling dimension: MILLIMETER. Converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

**M16.3 (JEDEC MS-013-AA ISSUE C)**
**16 LEAD WIDE BODY SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC PACKAGE**

| SYMBOL | INCHES | | MILLIMETERS | | NOTES |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | |
| A | 0.0926 | 0.1043 | 2.35 | 2.65 | - |
| A1 | 0.0040 | 0.0118 | 0.10 | 0.30 | - |
| B | 0.013 | 0.0200 | 0.33 | 0.51 | 9 |
| C | 0.0091 | 0.0125 | 0.23 | 0.32 | - |
| D | 0.3977 | 0.4133 | 10.10 | 10.50 | 3 |
| E | 0.2914 | 0.2992 | 7.40 | 7.60 | 4 |
| e | 0.050 BSC | | 1.27 BSC | | - |
| H | 0.394 | 0.419 | 10.00 | 10.65 | - |
| h | 0.010 | 0.029 | 0.25 | 0.75 | 5 |
| L | 0.016 | 0.050 | 0.40 | 1.27 | 6 |
| N | 16 | | 16 | | 7 |
| $\alpha$ | $0^o$ | $8^o$ | $0^o$ | $8^o$ | - |

Rev. 0 12/93